

DC/AC INVERTER UNV-F 2.5/3.3/5.0

USER MANUAL



UM_UNVF_E_R2.0



UNV-F

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Notes to this manual

ATTENTION! Read this manual very carefully before installing and commissioning the specified module.

This manual is a part of the delivered module. Familiarity with the contents of this manual is required for installing and operating the specified module.

The rules for prevention of accidents for the specific country and the general safety rules in accordance with IEC 364 must be observed.

The function description in this manual corresponds to the date of publishing.

Technical changes and changes in form and content can be made at any time by the manufacturer without notice. There are no obligations to update the manual continually.

The module is manufactured in accordance with applicable DIN and VDE standards such as VDE 0106 (part 100) and VDE 0100 (part 410). The CE marking on the module confirms compliance with EU standards 2006-95-EG (low voltage) and 2004-108-EG (electromagnetic compatibility) if the installation and operation instructions are followed.

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The current revision status of this user manual is the following:

Revision: 2.0

Date: 2009-07-31

Revision	Description of change	Writer	Date
01-03	Minor text modifications	RTH	
04	ELTEK VALERE INDUSTRIAL layout inserted	RTH	2008-01-29
1.0	New revision status numbering (X.X) introduced, section "Error indication on the displays" inserted.	RTH	2009-04-20
2.0	Minor reworking at sections 3.4, 4.2, 7.	RTH	2009-07-31

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1A. Safety Instructions



Warning!

Because several components of operating electrical modules are charged by dangerous voltage, the improper handling of electrical modules may be the cause of accidents involving electrocution, injury, or material damages.

- Operation and maintenance of electrical modules must be performed by qualified skilled personnel such as electricians in accordance with EN 50110-1 or IEC 60950.
- Install the module only in areas with limited access to unskilled personnel.
- Before starting work, the electrical module must be disconnected from mains. Make sure that the module is earthed.
- Do not touch connector pins as they can be charged with dangerous voltage up to 30 seconds after disconnection.
- Only spare parts approved by the manufacturer must be used.

1B. Electric Waste Disposal

Separate collection is the precondition to ensure specific treatment and recycling of waste electrical and electronic equipment and is necessary to achieve the chosen level of protection of human health and the environment.

In the case of waste disposal of your discarded equipment we recommend to contact a waste management company.

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2. General Information

Inverters of the series UNV-F convert input side DC voltage to a stable sinusoidal output voltage.

The inverters are available for delivery with an output power of 2.5, 3.3 and 5.0 kVA per module. Several units can be switched in parallel operation to increase the system output power.

The UNV-F is a hot-pluggable module with rear side connectors. Only the communication wire (CAN-Bus) is connected at the front. The inverters are controlled and monitored by an internal microprocessor. Due to the outstanding switching principle the units have very low losses and therefore very compact dimensions, low weight and a very high power density.

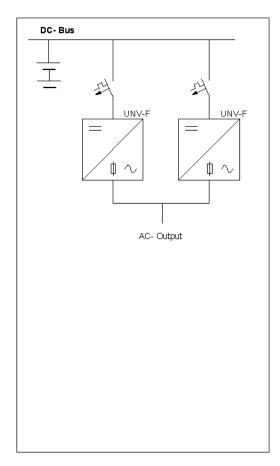
All main functional parameters are adjustable with front side operating keys and are indicated with digital displays.

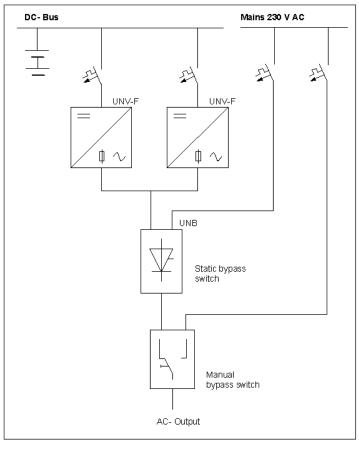
To increase the reliability the UNV-F inverter is designed to operate together with a static transfer switch of series UNB. The static transfer switch monitors the connected bypass mains and synchronizes the inverter output with mains frequency. In inverter priority mode the UNB transfers the load supply to bypass mains in case of inverter faults, high overload or battery low voltage. The transfer is nearly without voltage interruption (<4ms). The unit switches back to inverter operation automatically if the reason for the transfer is gone. In case of mains priority mode the inverter will take over the load if the mains voltage is not present, out of limits or heavy disturbed. The priority source is programmable at the UNB unit (see separate manual).

2.1 Typical Applications

(a) Inverter in parallel operation without UNB

b) Inverter in parallel operation with UNB





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3. Type Range/Equipment

Type designation	Material code	Nominal Input- voltage (VDC)	Nominal Input current (ADC)	Nominal Output- voltage (VAC)	Output frequency (Hz)	Output- power (VA @ cosφ =0.8)	Dimensions W/H/D (mm)
UNV48-2.5F	500-025-511.00	48	47.3	230	50/60	2500	483/133/360
UNV60-2.5F	500-025-611.00	60	37.9	230	50/60	2500	483/133/360
UNV110-2.5F	500-025-711.00	108	20.4	230	50/60	2500	483/133/360
UNV48-3.3F	500-033-511.00	48	62.5	230	50/60	3300	483/133/360
UNV60-3.3F	500-033-611.00	60	50.0	230	50/60	3300	483/133/360
UNV110-3.3F	500-033-711.00	108	26.7	230	50/60	3300	483/133/360
UNV48-5.0F	500-050-511.00	48	94.7	230	50/60	5000	483/133/440
UNV60-5.0F	500-050-611.00	60	74.9	230	50/60	5000	483/133/440
UNV110-5.0F	500-050-711.00	108	39.9	230	50/60	5000	483/133/440

For more specific data, see section 7.

3.1 Mounting accessories

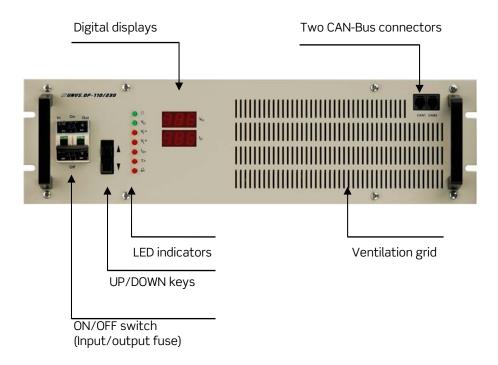
- Mounting set for 19" cabinet (not for UNV48-5.0F): Mat. code 880-MEC-MKT.01
- Mounting set for 19" cabinet (for UNV48-5.0F): Mat. code 880-MEC-MKT.02

The mounting set is necessary to fit the UNV module in a 19" compatible cabinet (see section 4.2 "commissioning").

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3.2 Front View/Operation Elements



All operating elements are arranged at the front side of the module. The UNV-F, 2.5 and 3.3kVA are fitted with a combined input and output MCB which is used as ON/OFF switch, whereas the 5.0kVA version is fitted with a mechanical switch.

As shown with the front view the unit is equipped with seven LED indications:

Switch symbol (Operation)

Vo (Output voltage ok)
Vi> (Input overvoltage)
Vi< (Input undervoltage)

Io> (Overload)

T> (Overtemperature)Bell symbol (General alarm)

Two digital displays indicate the output voltage and output current values.

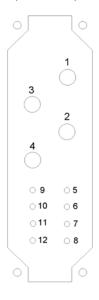
Detailed information concerning signalling and monitoring are described in the following sections.



3.3 Electrical Connectors

3.3.1 Electrical Connector X1 for UNV-F 2.5 - 3.3kVA, UNV60-5.0F and UNV110-5.0F

X1 (HAN-K4/8) socket outlet (DC input voltage / AC output voltage and signalling):



X1/Pin	Designation		
1	DC input, plus pole		
2	AC output, neutral conductor		
3	DC input, minus pole		
4	AC output, phase L1		
5			
6	SYNC-GND (synchronous bus ground)		
7	SYNC-SIG* (synchronous bus 50Hz-signal)		
8	SYNC-STAT** (synchronous bus state lines)		
9			
10	Collective failure COM***		
11	Collective failure OK (normally open=NO)		
12	Collective failure error (normally closed=NC)		

The maximum allowed load for the relay contacts is:

- @ V= 110V / I< 0.45ADC
- @ $V \le 60$ VDC / I< 1ADC

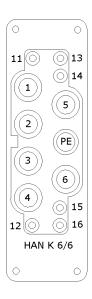
^{*}In parallel operation the contacts SYNC - GND and SYNC - SIG of each inverter have to be wired.

^{**}In operation with an UNB it is necessary to interconnect the synchronization bus (contacts SYNC – GND, SYNC – SIG and SYNC – STAT) between the inverter(s) and the UNB.

^{***}Potential free relay contact with safe electrical separation to the AC and DC side; in case of failure COM and NC are closed.



3.3.2 Electrical Connector X1 for UNV48-5.0F (HAN K 6/6)



X1/Pin	Designation	
1	DC input, Plus	
2		
3		
4	AC output, phase L1	
5	DC input, Minus	
PE	PE	
6	AC output, neutral conductor	
11	Collective failure COM*	
12	SYNC-GND (synchronous bus ground)	
13	Collective failure OK (normally open=NO)	
14	Collective failure error (normally closed=NC)	
15	SYNC-SIG** (synchronous bus 50Hz-signal)	
16	SYNC-STAT*** (synchronous bus state lines)	

^{*}Potential free relay contact with safe electrical separation to the AC and DC side; in case of failure COM and NC are closed.

^{**}In parallel operation the contacts SYNC - GND and SYNC - SIG of each inverter have to be wired.

^{***} In operation with an UNB it is necessary to interconnect the synchronization bus (contacts SYNC – GND, SYNC – SIG and SYNC – STAT) between the inverter(s) and the UNB.



3.3.3 CAN-Bus connectors CAN1 & CAN2

The UNV-F is fitted with two CAN-Bus connectors at the front side (socket outlet RJ11, 6-pole):

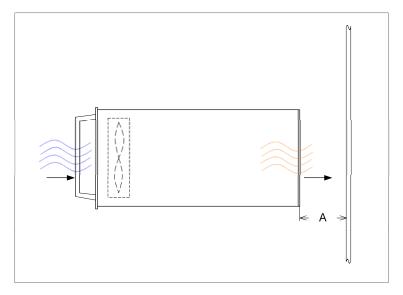


CAN-Bus connector (socket)

Pin	Signals CAN1	Signals CAN2	Designation
1	CAN_V+	←	DC-Supply +815V
2	CAN_V+	←	DC-Supply +815V
3	CAN_H	←	Signal (high)
4	CAN_L	←	Signal (low)
5	CAN_V-	←	DC-Supply Ground
6	CAN_V-	←	DC-Supply Ground

3.4 Cooling/Air Flow Direction

The unit is cooled with an internal fan. The airflow is from the front to rear side. The fan is monitored and speed controlled dependent on module temperature. To provide sufficient air flow, a minimum space (see item A in the following figure) of 50 mm is required between the unit and the rear cabinet wall as well as an unobstructed supply of air to the front of the module.



Please note:

- The ambient temperature should not exceed a maximum of 45°C.
- If the UNV-F module is integrated into a cabinet, the ambient temperature should not exceed a maximum of 40°C.

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3.5 Communication Interface

The inverter UNV-F is equipped with a serial data interface according to CAN (= Controller Area Network) – specification. Via CAN-Bus, several devices in a system or parallel connection can be controlled and monitored by a central unit which is integrated into the static transfer switch unit UNB.

Following parameters of a specific inverter unit can be controlled or monitored:

- Remote ON/OFF
- Inverter status (OK/failure)
- Input voltage (measurement value)
- Input current (measurement value)

The CAN-Bus connectors are located at the front panel. The wiring to the central unit should be as short as possible. The cable length must not exceed 30m.

4. Handling

4.1 Storage

The devices must be stored in a dry, dust free environment with a storage temperature according to specific data (please see section 7).

4.2 Commissioning

Note: Before commissioning the module, make sure that the input voltage corresponds to the input voltage range of the unit as specified on the type plate.

If the inverter is to be mounted in a 19" compatible cabinet, a mounting set is necessary (see picture below).

After unpacking the unit put it upon the rails and slide in the unit carefully over the rails until the module connector gets in touch with the backplane connector. Increase the pressure a little bit until the unit fits in completely. Please avoid too much pressure. If the unit does not fit in please start again with the complete slide-in process.

Mount the unit with 4 screws (M4x12).

Mounting set for UNV-F (shown with an UNV-F unit).



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For the electrical connection of DC input and AC output the backside panel connector is to be used. The DC input is protected against wrong polarity (unit does not switch on). The UNV-F with output power of 2.5 and 3.3kVA are fitted with an output side MCB fusing at the front panel combined with an input side MCB, whereas the 5kVA version is fitted with a mechanical switch. That means that the 5kVA version must be fused with external fuses.

If the UNV-F works in combination with a static bypass switch (UNB) the CAN-Bus cable must be connected to one of the CAN-Bus connectors at the front of the unit.

Please check the load power before the module is connected.

A permanent overload is not allowed and decreases the inverters lifetime. Especially the inrush currents of loads have to be observed (e.g. the inrush current of an usual computer monitor can be more than 50A).

The connection of a non-fused protective earth conductor is required. The electrical connections have to be done according to the pin list in section 3.3. Please use wires acc. to VDE 0100 or equal standard. To decrease voltage losses on cables the usage of bigger sizes of wire as specified is recommended. For instance, a high voltage loss on battery wires can decrease the backup time.

The following commissioning rules should be observed:

4.2.1 Single inverter

- check the system wiring (polarity of DC- supply line)
- check that the inverter is switched off
- connect DC input with open DC busbar fuses
- connect AC loads
- close the DC busbar fuses
- switch on the unit by front side MCB actuation
- switch on the load

4.2.2 Operation in parallel

- Before commissioning paralleled units make sure that the output voltage and frequency matches.
- check the system wiring (polarity of DC- supply line, synchronous bus)
- · check that the inverters are switched off
- connect DC input with open DC busbar fuses
- check the wiring between inverters (synchronization wires)
- connect AC loads
- close DC busbar fuses
- switch on the units by front side MCB actuation
- switch on the load

Note: The unit which transmits the synchonization signal to the synchronization bus at first will be the master. If this master unit is disturbed or switched off, another unit overtakes the master function. In systems with a static transfer switch (UNB) the inverters are synchronized by the UNB unit.

The inverter output relay switches the inverter output to the AC busbar if the internal voltage is okay and the output voltage is within the correct range. In this way defective modules switch off themselves and are disconnected from the AC bus automatically.

4.2.3 CAN-Bus Addressing

If paralleled inverters work in combination with a static transfer switch (UNB), the respective inverters within the system must be addressed for a clear identification via the CAN-Bus. The specific address per inverter (module) must be allocated with the adjustment keys in the "basic menu PM1" (please see the section 4.5. and the following).

The standard address (factory set) of the inverter is "001".

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4.3 LED Indications

The following functions are indicated with front side LEDs:

LED	Colour	Meaning	
O O	green	Inverter is switched on and operates	
O Vo	green	Inverter output voltage okay*	
● V _I >	red	Input voltage high*	
V₁ <	red	Input voltage low*	
(a) lo>	red	Output current to high; short circuit or overload at the output	
● T>	red	Lights continuously: Overheating of the inverter by overload. Blinking: Malfunction of the cooling fan	
6 A	red	Collective failure; the delay time of the relay alarm is adjustable**; relay contact at X1; all single failures are included.	

 $[\]mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}}$ Adjustment of the threshold values, please see section 4.5

^{**}Only with the service menu PM2.

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4.4 Internal Monitoring

Monitored values	Criteria	Function
DC input voltage	Input voltage out of the range of	Vi<: The device automatically switches off with an adjustable delay time**. It switches on if the input voltage is in the correct range. The switch-on voltage is adjustable*.
DC input voltage	adjustable thresholds Vi<* and Vi>*	Vi>: The device automatically switches off without delay time (protection against overvoltage). It switches on if the input voltage is lower than the adjusted switch off threshold*.
	Output voltage higher than adjusted operating threshold*	The device automatically switches off; manual restart is necessary.
AC output voltage	Output voltage lower than adjusted operating threshold*	LED "Vo" = OFF; LED "collective failure"= ON
	>130% Inom	LED "Io>" = ON; After 3 seconds the device automatically switches off; automatic restart
AC output current	>100% Inom	after 15 seconds (for 3 times). After 30 seconds follows an automatic shutoff; manual restart is necessary.
Overheating; Cooling fan function	Internal temperature higher than adjusted threshold (factory setting)	The device automatically switches off with delay time. It automatically switches on if the temperature is lower than adjusted switch on threshold. LED T> is on. Additionally the fan voltage and current characteristic is monitored to detect a defective fan. This is indicated by a blinking LED T>.

^{*} Adjustment of the threshold values please see section 4.5 //**Only with the service menu PM2.

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4.5 Adjustment of the standard and threshold values

The adjustment takes place with up/down keys located at the front panel of the inverter while the displays indicate the actual values.

Front keys	Designation	Operation
	up	 during menu item selection: change to previous item (parameter) during adjustment mode: increase value
	down	 during menu item selection: change to next item (parameter) during adjustment mode: decrease value

The inverter offers two adjustment menus:

- The basic menu PM1 is available for all users.
- The service menu PM2 is available for service personnel only. PM2 is code protected to guard against illegal parameter changes.

In the operation mode the top display indicates the output voltage and the bottom display indicates the output current. With pressing the key UP (\uparrow) or DOWN (\downarrow) you are able to switch back and forth between the input and output parameters according to the diagram "Standard display during operation/display of input and output parameters" (see section 4.5.1)

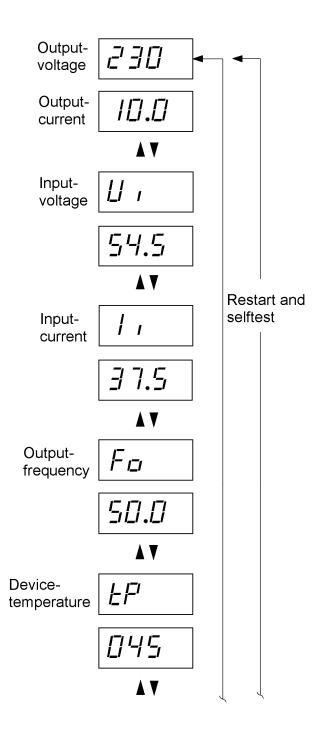
For the **adjustment** of parameters in the basic menu PM1 the following procedure has to be carried out (see also section 4.5.2, diagram "Adjustment mode"):

- 1. press both keys UP/DOWN ($\uparrow\downarrow$) together for short time; the inverter changes to the adjustment mode
- 2. press the key UP (\uparrow) or DOWN (\downarrow) to change the parameter (see also diagram "Adjustment mode")
- 3. press both keys UP/DOWN (↑↓) together for short time; the inverter changes to the value change mode
- 4. press the key UP (\uparrow) or DOWN (\downarrow) to change the adjustment value
- 5. press both keys UP/DOWN ($\uparrow\downarrow$) together for short time; the inverter changes back to adjustment mode (the upper display shows a horizontal line / the changed value is saved at this moment)
- 6. press both keys UP/DOWN (↑↓) for approximately three seconds to change back to the operation mode

(For the table of the adjustable parameters in the basic menu PM1, please see section 4.5.3)



4.5.1 Diagram "Standard display during operation/display of input and output parameters"



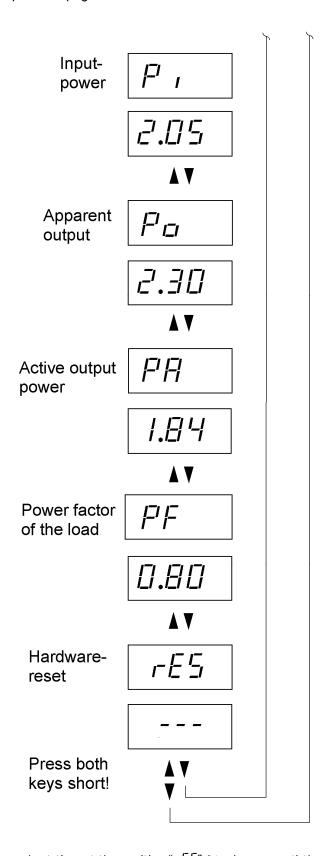
The continuation of the diagram is on the next page!

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Continuation of the previous page:



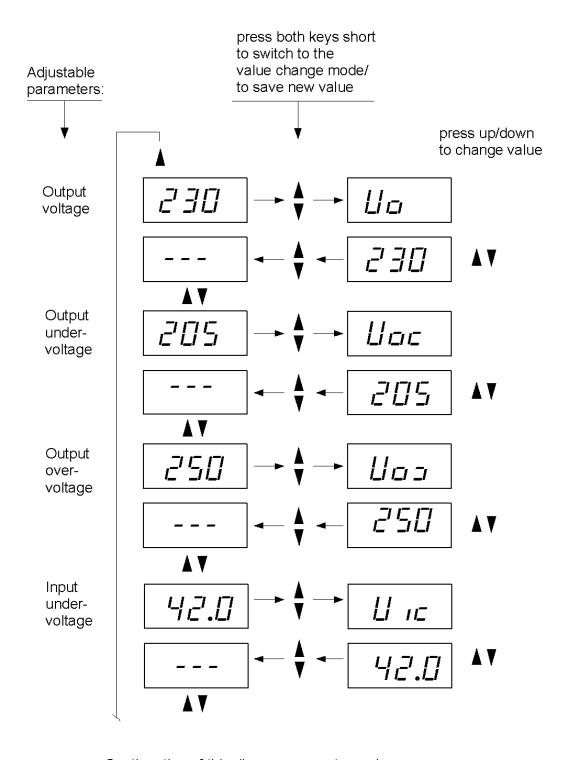
By pressing both keys short-time at the position "rE5" (Hardware reset) the device switches off and restarts.

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4.5.2 Diagram "Adjustment mode"

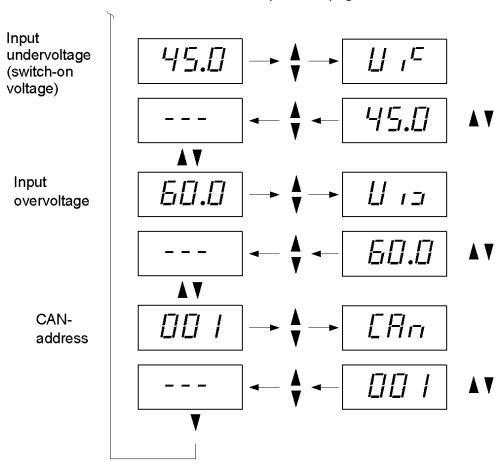
For switching to the **adjustment mode** shortly press both keys together at any position within the display of input and output parameters (except for the position "hardware reset").



Continuation of this diagram on next page!



Continuation of the previous page:



You can leave the adjustment mode by pressing both keys for approximately three seconds.

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4.5.3 Table "Adjustable Parameters"

Following table shows the standard values (factory set), adjustment ranges and steps:

Display1	Designation	Factory setting	Range	Step
Ua	nominal value of output voltage Uo	230 [VAC]	200255	0,25 [V] *
Uac	monitoring threshold of output voltage low Uo<	207 [VAC]	180230	1,0 [V]
Uos	Monitoring threshold of output voltage high Uo>	253 [V _{AC}]	230270	1,0 [V]
U 15	switch off threshold input voltage high Ui>	48/60V: 75 [VDC] 108V: 130	080 0135	0,1 [V] 0,25 [V]*
U 15	switch off threshold input voltage low Ui<	48V: 41 [Vpc] 60V: 51 [Vpc] 108V: 92 [Vpc]	4180 4180 90110	0,1 [V] 0,1 [V] 0,25 [V]*
[] 'c	switch on again threshold input voltage low Ui<	48V: 45 [Vbc] 60V: 56 [Vbc] 108V: 96 [Vbc]	4180 4180 90110	0,1 [V] 0,1 [V] 0,25 [V]*
EAn	CAN Address	001		1

^{*}When adjusting the threshold values with up/down keys, the moving dot shows the actual value according to the example (this applies only to the 0.25 steps):

Example:

230	corresponds to 230.0	
230.	corresponds to 230.25	
23.0	corresponds to 230.5	
2.30	corresponds to 230.75	

With each click at the UP/Down keys the dot moves. After four times clicking (4/4), the voltage value is increased (or decreased) for 1V.

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5. Maintenance

In general, the inverter is maintenance-free. A yearly inspection with following checks is recommended:

- Correct fan operation
- Mechanical inspection
- Removal of dust and dirt, especially on radiator surfaces
- Check for internal dust or humidity

Attention! Dust combined with dew or water may influence the internal electronic circuits. Dust inside the unit can be blown out with dry compressed air.

The intervals between this checks depend on ambient conditions of the installed module.

6. Trouble Shooting

6.1 Failure Table

Symptom	Possible reason	Corrective action
No output voltage	 DC input voltage ok? main switch (MCB) on? green LED "Operation" on? incorrect polarity at the input? DC input fuse (at DC busbar) ok? signalling LED Vi> or Vi< on? short circuit or overload at the output? output fuse ok? Unit switched off due to overheating (LED T> on)? 	→ check the adjustment values of Vi (see item 4.5.2) → check/reduce load → check → search after the cause of the overheating
Deviation of output voltage	 overload at the output? big inrush current of load? distortions by load steps or current peaks? adjustment of voltage value Vo not correct? 	→ check/reduce load → check → check → check → check /adjust Vo to the correct value (see item 4.5.2)

If the unit still does not work even though all checks are done, please contact your sales agent or the service department of Eltek Valere Deutschland.

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6.2 Error indication on the displays

Switch-off (shutdown of the module) caused by error is indicated on the displays.

Example:

SHd

Upper display: SHd = Shutdown

129

Lower display:

Error number (example "129")

Possible single error numbers are listed in the table below:

Error number (decimal number)	Meaning
1	lo> or Vi>
2	Vi< or fan error
4	Vo not ok (e.g. restart error)
8	T> or input DC/DC converter not ok
16	Internal error
32	Switch off via CAN-Bus (e.g. by static bypass switch UNB)
64	Vo>
128	Vo<

If more than one error appeared, the result (addition of the single error numbers) is shown at the lower display.

The example above (error number "129") is the result of error number "1" plus error number "128".

For error numbers which include two possibilities (error number "1", "2" and "8") please note the LED which additionally is "ON" for an identification of the error.

A further example to clarify:

SHd

Upper display: SHd = Shutdown

138

Lower display:

Error number (example "138")

Error number ,,138" is the result of ,,128" + ,,8" + ,,2".

"2" means "input under voltage" (LED "Vi<" is ON) or "fan error" (LED "T>" is blinking).

"8" means "over temperature" (LED "T>" is ON) or "input DC/DC converter is not ok".

"128" means "output under voltage". Because the module has switched OFF there is no output voltage. Due to this, the error "output under voltage" also is included.

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The following display indications are exceptions:

At shutdown due to **short circuit** or **overload** the displays indicate the following:

SHd

Upper display: SHd = Shutdown

ouL

Lower display:

ovL = short circuit/overload

An **intended shutdown** via CAN-Bus by static bypass switch UNB is indicated as follows:

0FF

Upper display: OFF (shutdown)

[An

Lower display: CAn (via CAN-Bus) User Manual Page 25 (28)



7. Technical Specifications

Type range	UNV-2.5F	UNV-3.3F	UNV-5.0F	
Article code	See section 3, table "Type range"			
DC Input				
Nominal input voltage	See section 3, table "Type range"			
Input voltage tolerance range	+20/-15%	←	←	
Nominal input current	See section 3, table "Type range"			
Inrush current	≤ nominal current	←	←	
Overall efficiency	≥87%	←	←	
Internal input fusing	MCB 1-pole	←	No, external	
AC Output				
Nominal output voltage	$230V_{AC} \pm 0,5\%$ ($\pm 5\%$ at parallel operation), sinusoidal			
Nominal output current	10.9Aac	14.35Aac	21.7AAC	
Nominal output power	See section 3, table "Type range"			
Overload capability	130% for 10 seconds	←	←	
Output frequency	50 or 60Hz programmable	←	←	
Synchronisation range	45- 65Hz	←	←	
Accuracy	±0.5% static	←	←	
Recovery time	< 0.3 ms for load transients 10%- 90%- 10%			
Short circuit protection	continuously short circuit proof, 3x Inom for approx. 3 sec.			
Parallel operation	max. 16 pieces, load sharing approx. 5% Inom			
THD	≤ 2% for linear load	←	←	
Crest factor	≤3	←	←	
Power factor range	0.5 ind 1- 0.5 cap.	←	←	
Standard Features				
LED signalling	Standby, Vo, Vi>, Vi<, overload, over temperature, general fault			
Electronic protection	Mechanically coupled input and output MCB (not UNV-5.0F), input under voltage shut down, input over voltage shut down, over temperature shut down, overload/short circuit shut down. Parallel operation and three-phase systems without additional components or specified master Relay contact "General Fault"			
External synchronization				
Remote signals				
Digital display Microprocessor control	2×3 digits; output voltage, output current, frequency, input voltage, input current, temperature, effective power, apparent output, $\cos \varphi$ Programmable monitoring and protection for all system parameters			
Communication	CAN-Bus interface for communication with static transfer switch UNB			
Environmental	CAN-DUS INLEFFACE FOR COMMUNICATION WITH STATIC TRANSFER SWITCH UNB			
Ambient temperature	Operation: 0°C up to +45°C(max. 40°C fitted in cabinets), storage: -40°C up to +85°C			
Climatic conditions	according to IEC 721-3-3 class 3K3/3Z1/3B1/3C2/3S2/3M2			
Max. installation altitude	≤ 1500m	←	←	

UNV-F

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Audible noise < 45dB (A) ← ←

Mechanical

Construction 19"- compatible rack, full width, rear side connectors

Electrical connectors Input/output and signals: HAN K 4/8 at the rear side; Input/output and signals

CAN 1 + 2 at the front side

: HAN K 4/8 (HAN K 6/6: UNV48-5.0F) at the rear

side;

CAN 1 + 2 at the front

550 ex. 19" frame

side

Cooling Speed-controlled fan with over temperature monitoring

Type of enclosure IP20 (front panel)

Dimensions (W/H/D) 483/133/360 483/133/360 483/133/440

[mm]

Minimum installation 440 ex. 19" frame 440 ex. 19" frame

depth [mm]

Weight approx. 22 kg approx. 27 kg approx. 38 kg

Surfaces Front panel: powder coating RAL 7035; neutral, black print RAL 9005;

EN60950-1; VDE0100 T410; VDE0110; EN50178; EN60146

constructive parts: anodized metal

Compliances

CE conformity yes ← ←

Compliance to safety

standards

Compliance to EMC

standards

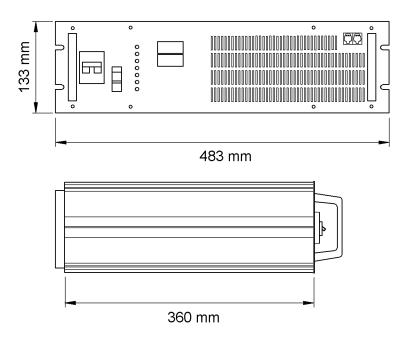
EN55011/22 class "B"; EN61000-4 T2-5

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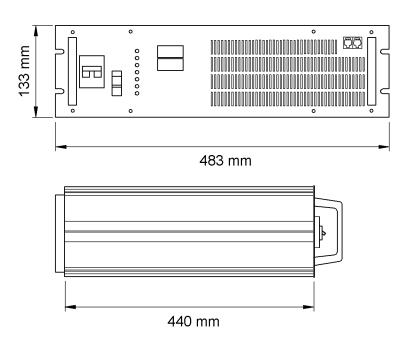


7.1 Dimensional drawings

UNV-2.5F/UNV-3.3F:



UNV-5.0F:





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